CSSE 220 Day 15

Key Concepts Quiz Recap of Function Objects and BigOh Work on Paint

CSSE 220 Day 15

- Note that Paint is due next class. Are you almost done?
 - Student assistants are available in the lab this afternoon Sunday evening, Monday afternoon, and Monday evening.

Exams:

- Exam 2 is Friday, May 2, as originally announced in the syllabus
- Final is Monday, May 19, at 6 PM.

Today:

- Key Concepts Quiz
- Recap of big-Oh and function objects
- Paint time

Questions?

Quiz

Angel > Lessons > Assignments > ReadingQuizzes > Key Concepts quiz

Recap: Efficiency

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    a = 3*i
}
b = 17</pre>
```

How many assignments are made?

Recap: Efficiency

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
   do something
}
do something else</pre>
```

- Key: we know that whatever happens in the loop happens n times. Unless the "something" depends on i (like StringCopy), then the runtime is ______
- Note: we just care what happens when n gets large.

Recap: big-Oh

- We say that $5n^2 + 4n + 3$ is $O(____)$
- What does this mean?
- Is $5n^2 + 4n + 3 O(n^3)$?
- Is $5n^2 + 4n + 3 O(n)$?
- We introduce new notation to discriminate further.

Recap: O, Ω, Θ

- f(N) is O(g(N)) if there is a constant c such that for sufficiently large N, $f(N) \le cg(N)$
 - Informally, the growth rate of f is bounded above by the growth rate of g
- f(N) is $\Omega(g(N))$ if there is a constant c such that for sufficiently large N, $f(N) \ge cg(N)$
 - Informally, the growth rate of f is bounded below by the growth rate of g
- f(N) is $\Theta(g(N))$ if f(N) is O(g(n)) and f(N) is $\Omega(g(N))$
 - Informally, the growth rate of f is the same as the growth rate of g

Big-Oh Style

Give tightest bound you can

• Saying that 3N+2 is $O(N^3)$ is true, but not as useful as saying it's O(N) [What about $O(N^3)$?]

Simplify:

- You could say:
- \circ 3n+2 is O(5n-3log(n) + 17)
- and it would be technically correct...
- It would also be poor taste ... and put me in a bad mood.

▶ But... if I ask "true or false: 3n+2 is O(n³)", what's the answer?

- True!
- There may be "trick" questions like this on assignments and exams.
- But they aren't really tricks, just following the big-Ohderinition!

Function objects review

- Go over solution to EqualsZero and EqualsK.
- Note how beautiful countMatches() is.

A "map" functor

In this assignment, you'll write a functor to do an operation to each element in an array, and return an array containing the results.

Examples:

- \circ int[] ar = [6,7,8,9]
- When map is called with ar and a Square functor, it would return [36, 49, 64, 81]
- When map is called with ar and an isPrime functor, it would return [false, true, false, false]

Work on Paint

Don't forget to commit your progress report to the repository before the end of class.